## MARK SCHEME for the October/November 2012 series

## 9701 CHEMISTRY

9701/33

Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills 1), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

Cambridge will not enter into discussions about these mark schemes.

Cambridge is publishing the mark schemes for the October/November 2012 series for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level components and some Ordinary Level components.



Page 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2012	9701	33

Qu	estion	Sections	Indicative material	Mark	Total
1	(a)	PDO Recording	I All columns correctly headed and correct units given for all columns except for rate/(1000/time) e.g. /s, (s), time in s, time in seconds.	1	
			II Records <b>all</b> times to the nearest second. Allow for only 5 expts carried out.	1	
		MMO Decisions	III Additional experiment (experiment 6) uses volume of <b>FA 1</b> $\ge$ 3 cm <sup>3</sup> of any other, and adds water to make 50 cm <sup>3</sup> . Other volumes are those specified.	1	
		PDO Display	IV Candidate gives <b>all</b> values of (1000/time) to 3 sig fig – ignore calculation or rounding errors (minimum of 4 expts carried out).	1	
		ACE	V All values of (1000/time) correctly calculated to sig fig shown by candidate (minimum of 4 expts carried out).		
		Interpretation MMO	$\ensuremath{\textbf{VI}}$ and $\ensuremath{\text{Experiments 2}}$ and 4: $\ensuremath{\textbf{VI}}$ calculate 100(2t_2 - t_4)/t_4 $\leq$ 20% for 1 mark; $\leq$ 10% for 2 marks.	1	
		Quality	VIII and Experiments 3 and 5: IX calculate $100(3t_3 - t_5)/t_5 \le 30\%$ for 1 mark; $\le 10\%$ for 2 marks.	6	
			<b>X</b> and Experiments 4 and 5: <b>XI</b> calculate $100(2t_4 - t_5)/t_5 \le 30\%$ for 1 mark; $\le 10\%$ for 2 marks.		
		If the candidate has not completed the 5 <sup>th</sup> experiment, marks <b>VI</b> and <b>VII</b> are available. Also check Experiments 1 and 2: $t_2$ should equal to $t_1 \times 5/4$ . Use the 10% and 20% boundaries.			
			If only the first three experiments are completed, award Q marks based on Experiments 1 and 2 (as above).		
			(If 50, 45, 40, 35, marks <b>X</b> and <b>XI</b> not available. Use 40 and 20 if there + 'rescue' pair as above.)		
			The Examiner is to round all reaction times to the nearest second before awarding accuracy marks. (Volumes <b>FA 1</b> /expt no as specified in Qn)		[11]

LEVEL – October/November 2012	9701	3	3
Plots rate or (1000/time) on v axis			-
Plots rate or (1000/time) on <i>y</i> -axis a plume of <b>FA 1/FA 1</b> cm <sup>3</sup> on <i>x</i> - axis. Ax prrectly labelled.	and es	1	
pint plotted on each axis has used more	•	1	
Points must be correct to 1/2 small			
ed out (minimum 5). rd <u>III only</u> if one mistake made. (If only fo		2	
es close to the majority of points a palanced. The line does not have to p	nd points bass	1	[5]
h (of solution) is greater,		1	
	r seconds	1	
	on time		[2]
		1	
king shown must include correct use of 7	0.	1	[2]
off r a liait sku dt ce ch ee	Each scale starts at zero and in oint plotted on each axis has used more if the available grid. and Examiner to check all plotted points. Points must be correct to ½ small is nd in correct small square. and <u>III and IV</u> for correct points for all expen- ied out (minimum 5). and <u>III only</u> if one mistake made. (If only for ied out then all 4 correct.) Draws a "best-fit" straight line – one if sees close to the majority of points a balanced. The line does not have to p ugh the origin. (Allow curve if apprent th (of solution) is greater, o time is shorter/less// <u>time</u> is faster//fewer <i>e is conditional on depth</i> ) olution/liquid depth unchanged so reaction hanged for 1 mark. <b>e one mark</b> for a concentration of 21/0.0214/0.02143 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> for expt 5.	Uniform scales selected. Each scale starts at zero and highest oint plotted on each axis has used more than half f the available grid. and Examiner to check all plotted points. Points must be correct to ½ small square nd in correct small square. and <u>III and IV</u> for correct points for all experiments ied out (minimum 5). and <u>III only</u> if one mistake made. (If only four expts ied out then all 4 correct.) Draws a "best-fit" straight line – one that ses close to the majority of points and points balanced. The line does not have to pass ugh the origin. (Allow curve if appropriate.) th (of solution) is greater, o time is shorter/less// <u>time</u> is faster//fewer seconds <i>e is conditional on depth</i> ) olution/liquid depth unchanged so reaction time hanged for 1 mark.	Uniform scales selected. Each scale starts at zero and highest oint plotted on each axis has used more than half f the available grid.1IndExaminer to check all plotted points. Points must be correct to ½ small square nd in correct small square.2IndIII and IV for correct points for all experiments ied out (minimum 5). and III only if one mistake made. (If only four expts ied out then all 4 correct.)2Draws a "best-fit" straight line – one that ses close to the majority of points and points balanced. The line does not have to pass ugh the origin. (Allow curve if appropriate.)1th (of solution) is greater, o time is shorter/less//time is faster//fewer seconds e is conditional on depth)1olution/liquid depth unchanged so reaction time hanged for 1 mark.1

Page 4			Mark Scheme	Syllabus		per
		GCE	AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2012	9701		33
(e)	ACE Interpretation		Two pieces of evidence with no conclusion <b>or</b> one piece and conclusion. 2 <sup>nd</sup> piece of evidence <b>and</b> conclusion.		1 1	
			<ul> <li>Evidence for 'correct'</li> <li>(i) a straight line/(line with) constant g</li> <li>(ii) straight line passes through origin (if appropriate from results) is 2 pieces of evidence</li> <li>(iii) line passes through origin = 1 if line d straight</li> </ul>			
				ne origin ne = 2 could iven		[2
(f) ACE Interpretation		etation	Candidate correctly evaluates each % uncerta	ainty.	1	[1
(g)	ACE		Constant volume of <b>FA 1</b> .		1	
	Improv s	ement/	Varies volume of <b>FA 2</b> and water correspondi (Volume <b>FA 2</b> + $H_2O$ same).	ngly	1	[2
			·	Total	2	5

Page 5 Mark Scheme		Syllabus	Paper
	GCE AS/A LEVEL – October/November 2012	9701	33

	FA	<b>3</b> is CuC <i>l</i> <sub>2</sub> (aq);	<b>FA 4</b> is A <i>l</i> K(SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (aq) + KI(aq); <b>FA 5</b> is FeC <i>l</i> <sub>3</sub> (aq); <b>FA 6</b> is Pb(NO	<sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (aq)	
2	(a)	MMO Collection	Records a blue/greenish-blue ppt/solid with <b>FA 3</b> and Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> .	1	
			Records a brown/rust/orange-brown/red-brown ppt/solid with <b>FA 5</b> and Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> .	1	
			Records effervescence with FA 5 (or FA 3).	1	
		MMO Decisions	Tests gas evolved with limewater. Allow from effervescence.	1	[4]
	(b)	MMO Collection	Records a white precipitate with silver nitrate solution <b>and</b> soluble in aqueous ammonia.	1	[1]
	(c)	MMO Collection	Records yellow-brown/orange-brown/brown/tan colour (solid/solution) (formed on mixing <b>FA 4</b> and <b>FA 3</b> ). Allow dark brown for solution <b>only</b> . Allow (qualified) brown solution with white/off-white/grey ppt. Dark/deep blue/blue-black/black/purple colour on adding	1	
			starch solution	1	[2]
	(d)	MMO Collection	Mark the observations in the table horizontally or vertically to maximise marks available to the candidate.	4	
		CONCOUNT			[4]

Test		Observa	ations			
1031	FA 3	FA 4	FA 5	FA 6		
NaOH(aq)	blue ppt <b>not</b> dark/deep blue ppt	white ppt (which dissolves as more added/then dissolves)	red-brown/orange- brown/brown/rust ppt ( <b>not</b> dark/deep brown)	white ppt		
excess NaOH	ppt insoluble (no change no observation provided ppt above)	ppt soluble (if no ppt in 1 <sup>st</sup> box allow no change)	ppt insoluble (no change no observation provided ppt above)	ppt soluble (not no change after 'no ppt')		
NH <sub>3</sub> (aq)	blue ppt <b>not</b> dark/deep blue ppt	white ppt	red-brown/orange- brown/brown/rust ppt ( <b>not</b> dark/deep brown)	white ppt		
excess ammonia	(ppt soluble) <b>deep blue soln</b>	ppt insoluble (no change no observation provided ppt above)	ppt insoluble (no change no observation provided ppt above)	ppt insoluble (no change no observation provided ppt above)		

Page 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
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ΓA			SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> (aq) + KI(aq); <b>FA 5</b> is FeC <i>l</i> <sub>3</sub> (aq); <b>FA 6</b> is Pb(NO	3)2(ay)	
(e)	ACE Conclusions	Con2 Con2	Give one mark for FA 3 Cu <sup>2+</sup> /copper/copper(II) and FA 5 Fe <sup>3+</sup> /iron(III).	1	
			Give one mark for <b>FA 4 and FA 6</b> $Al^{3^+}$ /aluminium, Pb <sup>2+</sup> /lead <i>Allow</i> <b>FA 4</b> $Al^{3^+}$ (Pb <sup>2+</sup> ) <b>and FA 6</b> $Al^{3^+}$ , Pb <sup>2+</sup> ( <i>There must be some correct evidence for</i> Cu <sup>2+</sup> <i>and</i> $Fe^{3^+}$ <i>in</i> (d) <i>but does not have to be fully</i> <i>correct.</i> )		[2
(f)	MMO Decisions	De7	Selects appropriate reagent to distinguish between $Al^{3+}$ and $Pb^{2+}$ e.g. KI, K <sub>2</sub> CrO <sub>4</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> , HC <i>l</i> ( <i>not</i> BaCl <sub>2</sub> ).	1	[1
(g)	ACE Conclusions	Con2	No error carried forward in this section.Award the mark for:FA 3FA 4iodideFA 5insufficient tests	1	[1
			Total	1:	5